ENTOMOLOGY

Purpose:

To provide the opportunity for 4-H members to increase and test their knowledge of insect identification.

Eligibility:

The general rules for eligibility will apply. Enrollment in the entomology project is not required.

General Information:

Each county is allowed to bring two novice and two junior teams to the district contest. A junior team may be mixed ages, novice and junior. A novice team may be novice age contestants only. The county team score will be the sum of the three highest scores. If a county does not have a team, they may bring individuals in each category. Individuals can compete only for high point individual.

A team consists of three or four members. Team scores will be the sum of the three highest placing individuals of the team.

Novice Contest Guidelines

Novice contestants will identify 25 insects by their common name. Each correct name is worth 4 points - a total of 100 points possible. Twenty-five minutes will be allowed for identification.

Junior Contest Guidelines

Junior contestants will identify 25 insects by their common name and give their type of mouthparts. Each correct name is worth 4 points and each correct mouthpart is worth 2 points - a total of 150 points possible. Twenty-five minutes will be allowed for name identification and another twenty-five minutes allowed for mouthparts.

Awards:

First through fifth place ribbons will be awarded the winning team members and high point individuals. Medals will go to the first-place teams and high point individuals.

Tie-Breaker

- 1. Most correctly spelled names.
- 2. Most correct mouth parts ID.

Reference Materials:

<u>A Field Guide to the Insects of America North of Mexico</u> by D.J. Borror and R.E. White, 1970. Houghton Mifflin Company, Boston. (A Peterson Field Guide Series)

100 Common Insects of New Mexico by David Richman, Ph.D. and Carol Sutherland, Ph.D., 1987

"Making an Insect Collection," videotape #473, by Carol Sutherland, Ph.D., and David Richman, Ph.D. Produced by New Mexico State University Agricultural Information Department, 1986.

Revised 1995

NOVICE INSECT IDENTIFICATION LIST

COMMON NAME

- 1. Ambush bug
- 2. American cockroach
- 3. Ant
- 4. Aphid
- 5. Assassin bug
- 6. Bark beetle
- 7. Blister beetle
- 8. Braconid wasp
- 9. Camel cricket
- 10. Centipede
- 11. Click beetle
- 12. Darkling beetle
- 13. Dermestid beetle
- 14. Dragonfly
- 15. Earwig
- 16. Flea
- 17. Flesh fly
- 18. German cockroach
- 19. Gossamer-winger butterfly
- 20. Green lacewing
- 21. Honey bee
- 22. Horse fly
- 23. Jerusalem cricket
- 24. Ladybird beetle
- 25. Leaf-footed plant bug
- 26. Leafhopper
- 27. Long-horned beetle
- 28. Long-horned grasshopper
- 29. Mantid
- 30. Mosquito
- 31. Noctuid moth
- 32. Oriental cockroach
- 33. Planthopper
- 34. Robber fly
- 35. Scarab beetle
- 36. Short-horned grasshopper
- 37. Silverfish
- 38. Sowbug
- 39. Sphinx mouth
- 40. Spider

- 41. Stink bug
- 42. Suckling louse
- 43. Swallowtail
- 44. Termite
- 45. Treehopper
- 46. Velvet ant
- 47. Vespid wasp
- 48. Walking stick
- 49. Water boatman
- 50. Waterstrider

CLASS

- A. Arachnida
- B. Chilopoda
- C. Crustacea
- D. Diplopoda
- E. Insecta

ORDER

- F. Acarina
- G. Araneida
- H. Anoplura
- I. Coleoptera
- J. Dermaptera
- K. Diptera
- L. Hemiptera
- M. Homoptera
- N. Hymenoptera
- O. Isoptera
- P. Lepidoptera
- Q. Neuroptera
- R. Odonata
- S. Orthoptera
- T. Scorpionida
- U. Siphonaptera
- V. Thysanura

METAMORPHOSIS

Simple

Complete

MOUTHPARTS

Chewing

Sucking

JUNIOR INSECT IDENTIFICATION LIST COMMON NAME

- 1. Ambush bug
- 2. American cockroach
- 3. Ant
- 4. Antlion
- 5. Aphid
- 6. Assassin bug
- 7. Blackswimmer
- 8. Bark beetle
- 9. Bee fly
- 10. Black fly
- 11. Blister beetle
- 12. Blow fly
- 13. Braconid wasp
- 14. Brush-footed Butterfly
- 15. Camel cricket
- 16. Carrion beetle
- 17. Centipede
- 18. Chalcid wasp
- 19. Checkered beetle
- 20. Cicada
- 21. Click beetle
- 22. Cricket
- 23. Damsel bug
- 24. Damselfly
- 25. Darkling beetle
- 26. Dermestid beetle
- 27. Diving beetle
- 28. Dragon fly
- 29. Earwig
- 30. Flea
- 31. Flesh fly
- 32. Geometer moth
- 33. German cockroach
- 34. Giant silkworm moth
- 35. Gossamer-winged butterfly
- 36. Green lacewing
- 37. Ground beetle
- 38. Halicid bee
- 39. Hister beetle
- 40. Honey bee
- 41. Horse fly
- 42. Ichneumon wasp
- 43. Jerusalem cricket
- 44. Ladybird beetle
- 45. Leaf beetle
- 46. Leafcutting bee
- 47. Leaf-footed plant bug
- 48. Leafhopper

- 49. Long-horned beetle
- 50. Long-horned grasshopper
- 51. Louse fly
- 52. Mantid
- 53. Metallic wood-boring
 - beetle
- 54. Millipede
- 55. Mosquito
- 56. Muscid fly
- 57. Noctuid moth
- 58. Oriental cockroach
- 59. Picture-winged fly
- 60. Plant or leaf bug
- 61. Planthopper
- 62. Pyralid moth
- 63. Robber fly
- 64. Rove beetle
- 65. Sap beetle
- 66. Scale insect
- 67. Scarab beetle
- 68. Scoliid wasp
- 69. Scorpion
- 70. Seed bug
- 71. Short-horned
 - Grasshopper
- 72. Silverfish
- 73. Skipper
- 74. Snout beetle
- 75. Soft-winged flower
 - beetle
- 76. Soldier beetle
- 77. Sowbug
- 78. Sphecid wasp
- 79. Sphinx mouth
- 80. Spider
- 81. Spider wasp
- 82. Stink bug
-
- 83. Sucking louse
- 84. Sulfur butterfly
- 85. Swallowtail
- 86. Syrphid fly
- 87. Tachinid fly
- 88. Termite
- 89. Tick
- 90. Tiger beetle
- 91. Tiger moth
- 92. Tiphiid wasp

- 93. Treehopper
- 94. Twigborer
- 95. Velvet ant
- 96. Vespid wasp
- 97. Walkingstick
- 98. Water boatman
- 99. Water scavenger beetle
- 100. Waterstrider

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